









AND MACRO-REGIONAL STRATEGIES WEEK

Izola, Slovenija

Izola, Slovenia 16. – 20. september 2024 16 – 20 September 2024

Consultation within TSG 3: Construction Activities in the Sea and on the Seashore and Achieving good environmental status of the Sea



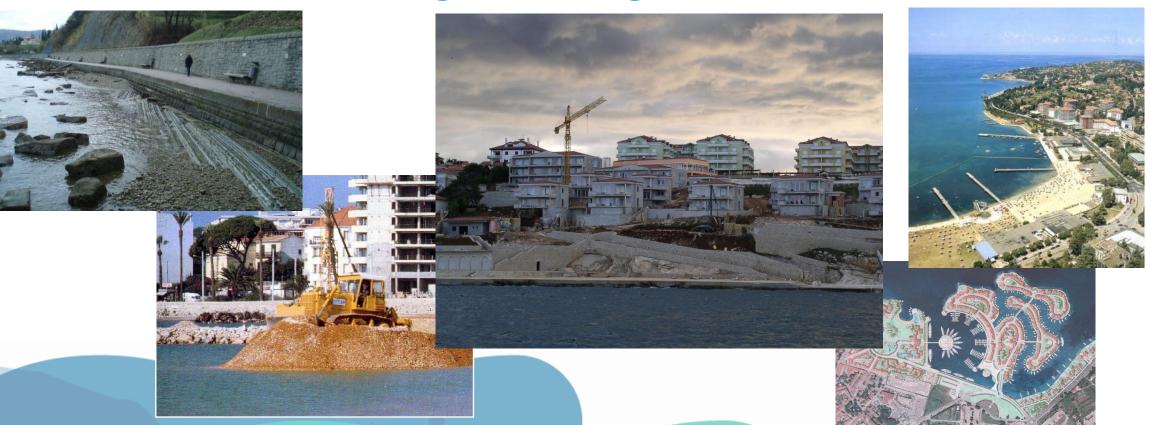
Transformative changes in planning & building coastal structures

Robert Turk Slovenian National Decade Committee



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Planning & building coastal structures





Planning & building coastal structures

growing number of artificial structures in estuarine, coastal and marine environments

human population growth – residential and commercial developments, tourism infrastructure

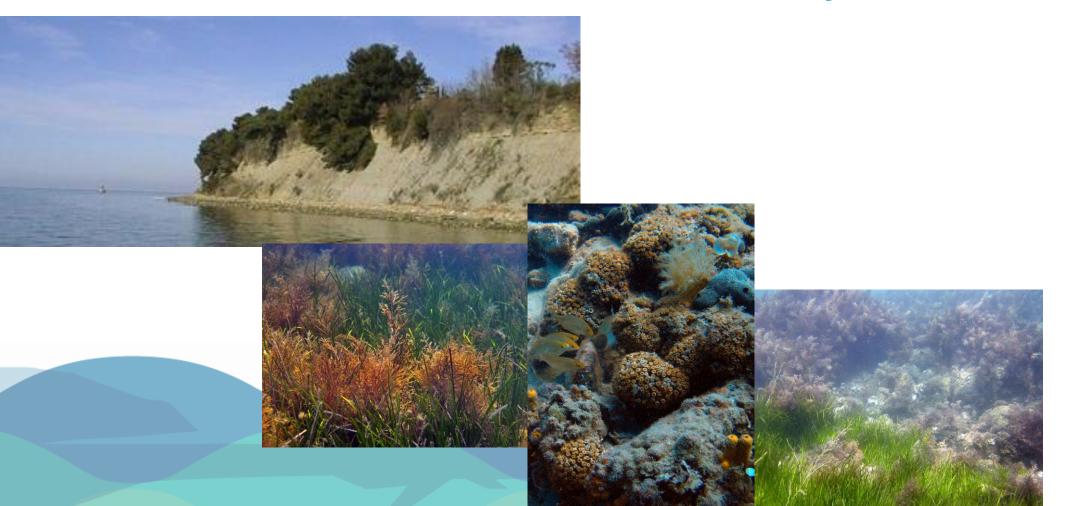
international shipping

attractiveness / popularity of waterfront lifestyle

... Sea level rise



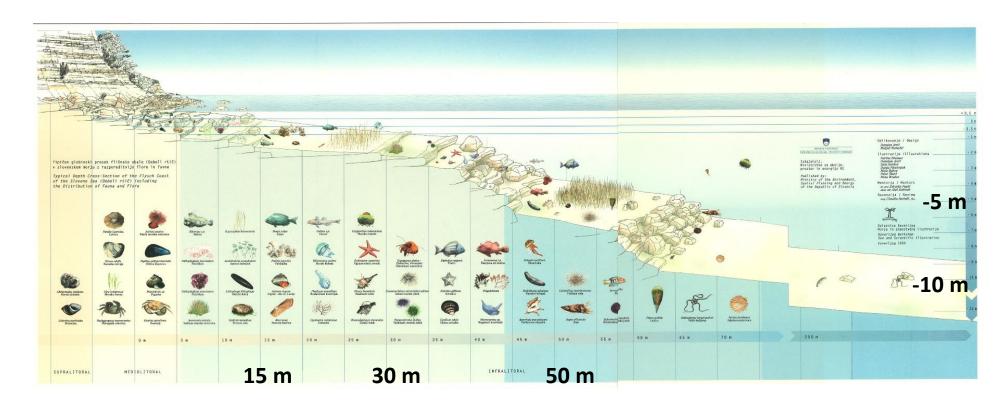
Marine and coastal ecosystems



Marine and coastal ecosystems







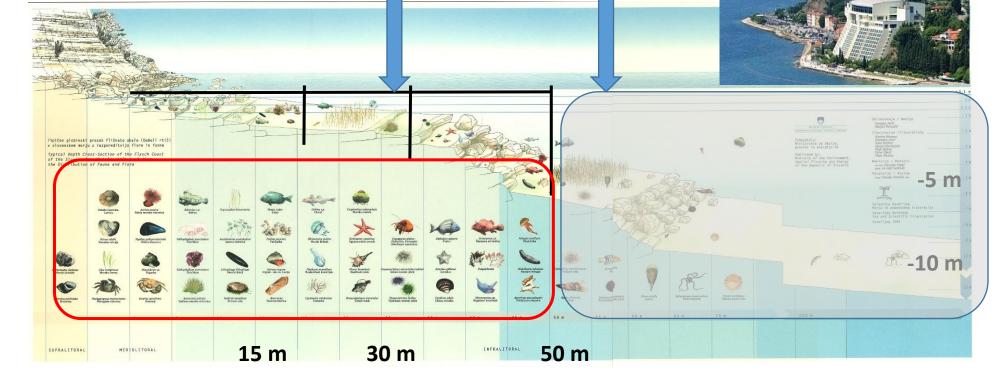


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road Kp-Iz, coastline in front of the hotel Bernardin parking
Fornače,
Seča enbankment
in front of
the cape













Some important (pre)conditions for the conservation of marine and coastal ecosystems

- planning and/or intervention shall be based exclusively on accurate seabed surveys (community and habitat mapping and species inventories) and on existing impacts
- no relocation of existing boulders (e.g. Kp-Iz coastal road) and no expansion of the coast into the sea (direct destruction of ht & species / sediment uplift resuspention),
- -the siting of piers, bathing platforms and any other simple structures including for an easier access into the sea should be carried out only if it is possible to identify areas in which these interventions will not adversely affect endangered species and habitat types,
- bathing platforms & moorings not on seagrass meadows and/or algal communities (Kp-Iz coastal road > 80 m from the shore),
- ensuring that measures are in place to prevent increased sediment resuspension or possible dispersal of silted water into the surrounding area.



ensuring that measures are in place to prevent increased sediment resuspension or possible dispersal of silted water into the surrounding area

Draft regulation on construction sites (from 2022)

Article 5 / Site organisation plan

All construction sites must ensure that measures are taken to prevent the escape, spillage or leakage of loose and other construction materials, liquids and waste from the site.



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Article 5 / Site organisation plan

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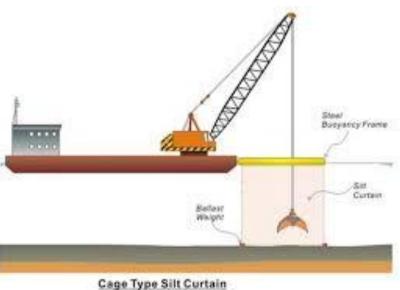
In case of new constructions, reconstructions and/or removal of buildings, waterfront structures as well as any extension of the seafront into the sea, the seaward part of the site must be enclosed in such a way as to prevent the spread of silted water into the surrounding area.



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Biodiversity loss



https://www.livingseawalls.com.au/

- structures such as seawalls, pilings, pontoons and marinas are built for reasons such as shoreline protection, recreational activities, energy generation etc. and as a rule they reduce importantly the complexity of the littoral belt which results in BD loss
- improvement of the spatial heterogeneity of the planned and/or already built structures



https://econcretetech.com/econcrete-technology/

Transformative

perception, science, procedures, execution of construction works "wind of change"

Coastal & marine environment percieved as empty space – ready to use

Increase the use of ocean knowledge (from oceanography & biology to civil engeneering

Increase the knowledge and solutions for the management of ecosystems faced

with multuple stressors

clean

healthy & resilient

productive

predicted

safe

LIFE BELOW WATER

accesible

inspiring & engaging



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