



Workshop: How to progress from TSG 3 Flagships towards EUSAIR macro-regional in the Multiannual Financial Framework period 2021-2027

PAP/RAC activities on climate change adaptation, AdriAdapt project, MSP Workspace and CAMP B&H

22 September 2022

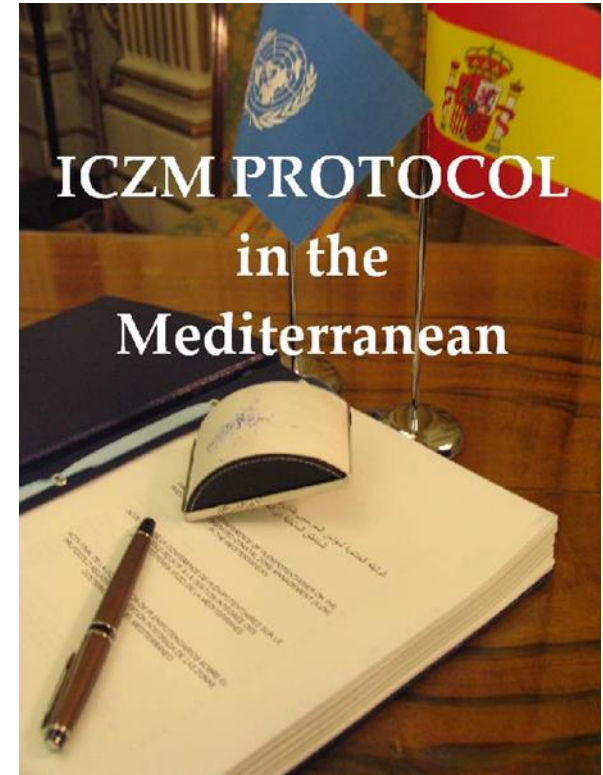
Marko Prem



ICZM Protocol

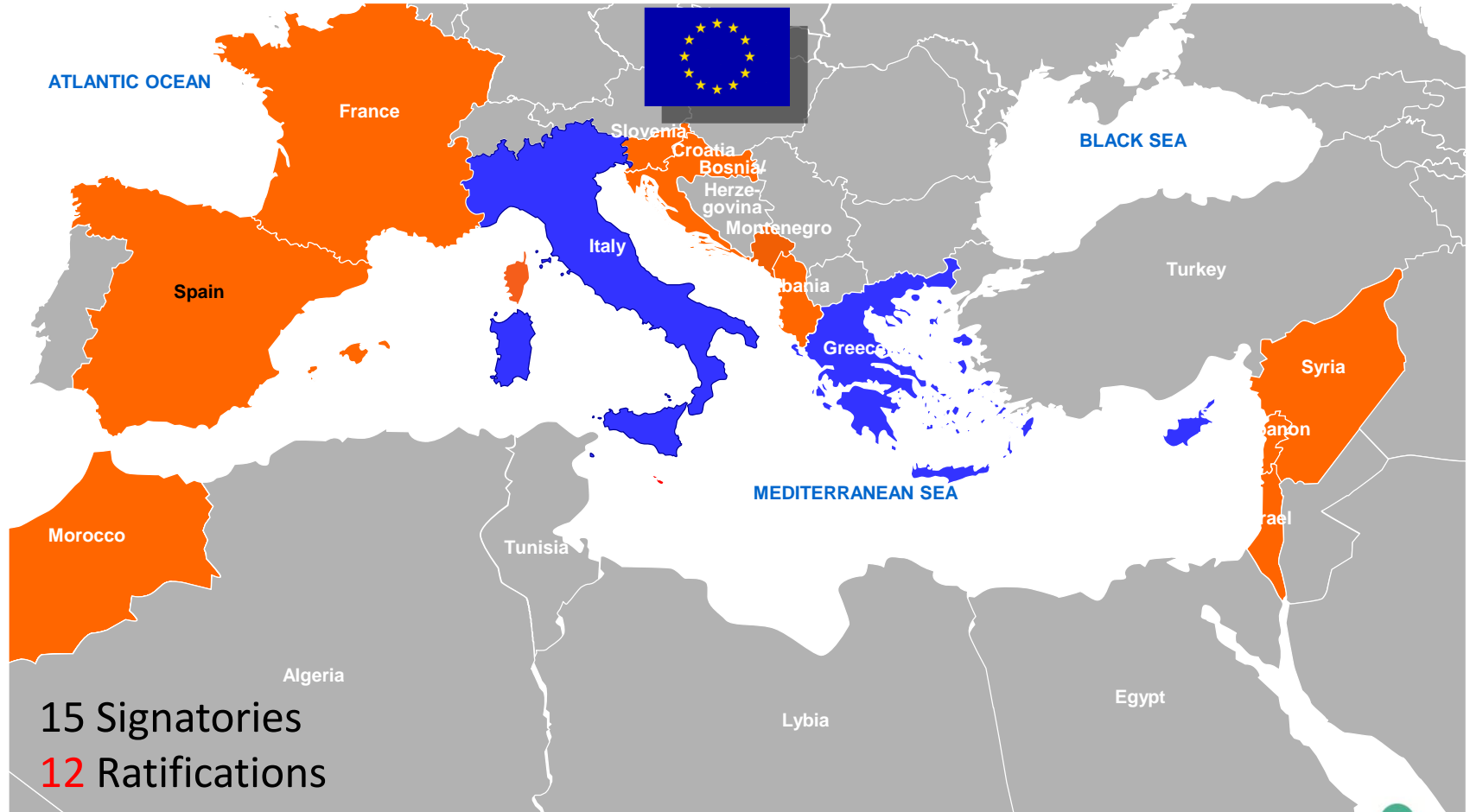
Signed in Madrid, 21 Jan 2008

Entered into force, 22 February 2011



ICZM Protocol:

Status of ratification as of September 2022



Climate Change Adaptation



Coastal plan

Coastal Plan or ICZM Plan is a guide towards building resilience to climate change and towards sustainable development

Coastal Plan is an “indicative” plan, based on the Article 18 of the ICZM Protocol

Coastal Plan is a new generation plan, one of the few around the Mediterranean



Sibenik-Knin County

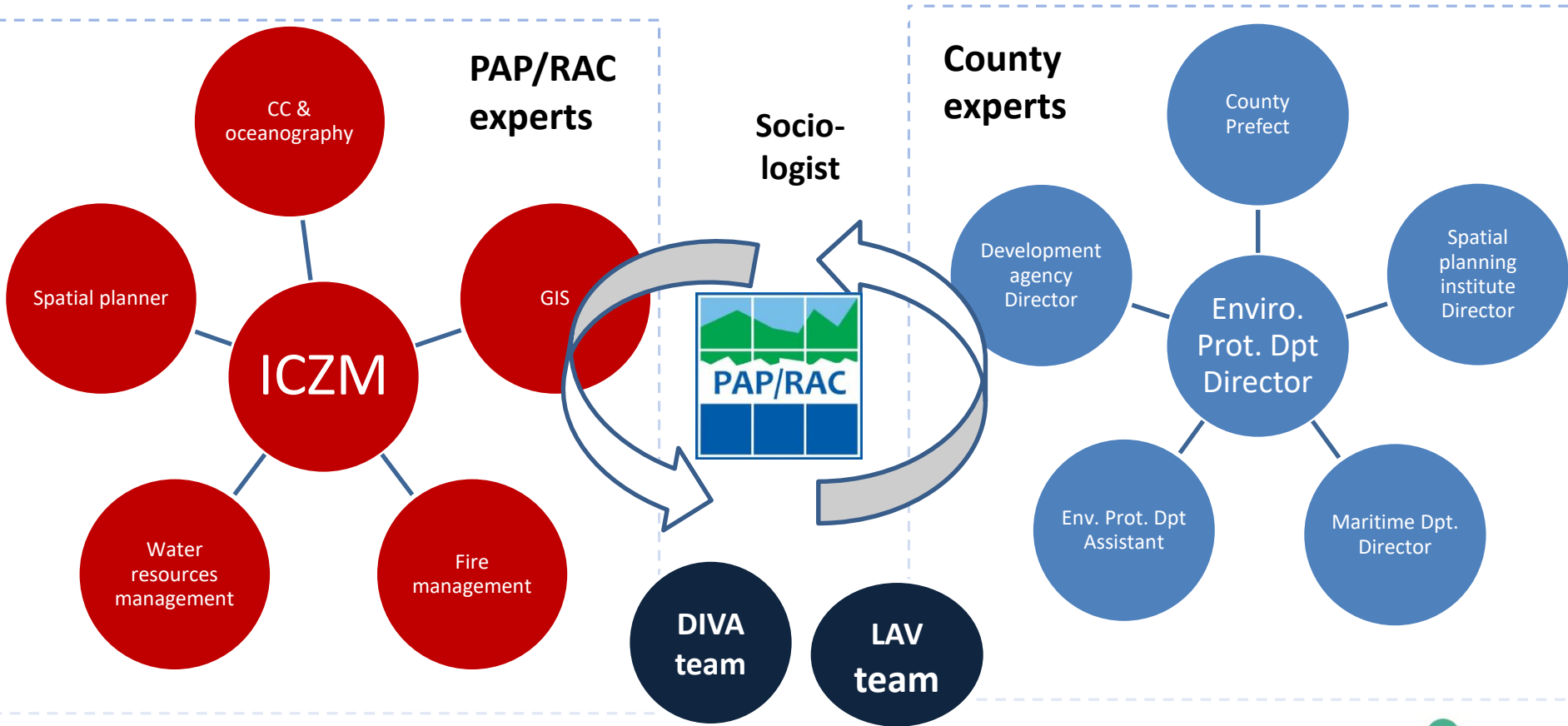


Coastal plan themes

1. Space as the key resource of the coastal zone
2. Climate variability and change, the transversal issue, with effects on:
 - waters & water management,
 - infrastructure,
 - forest fires,
 - economy and society.
3. Tools – GIS

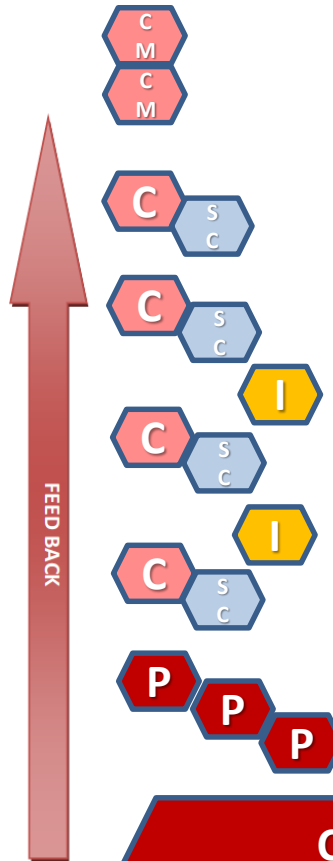
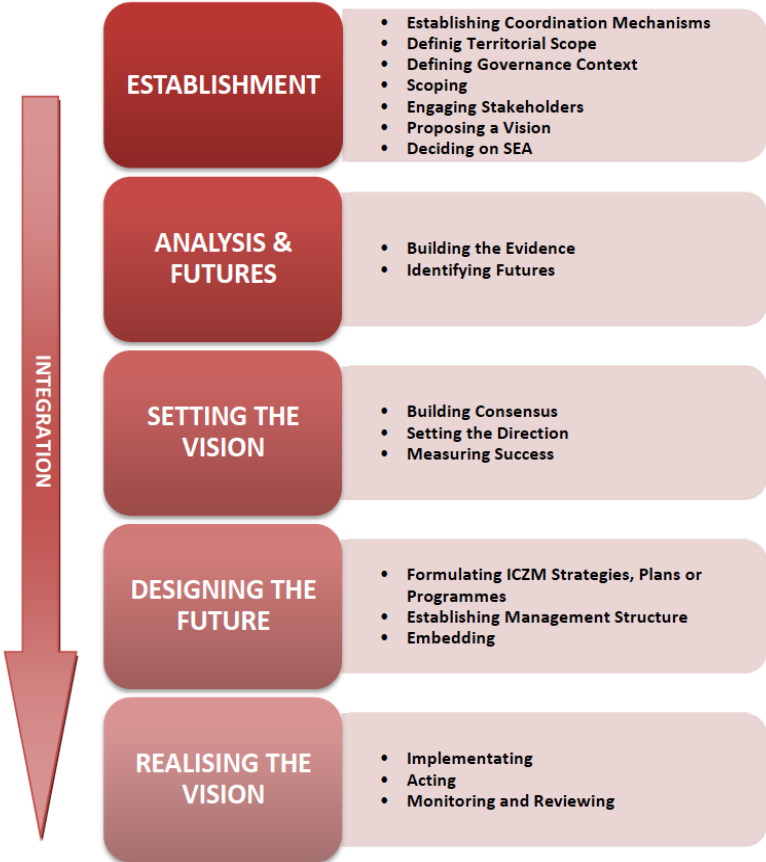


Plan Bleu



Plan preparation and implementation process

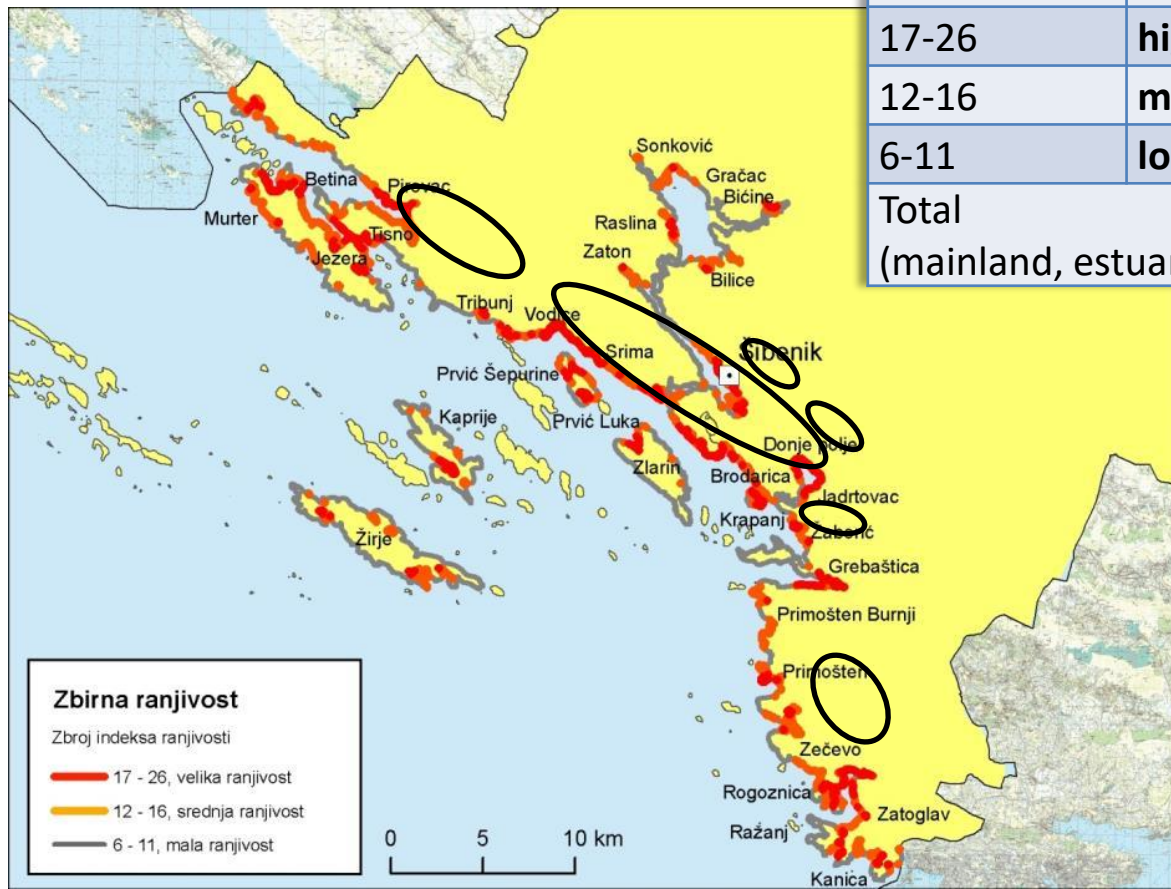
Information/education, consultation and participation



C. COMMITTEE FOR IMPLEMENTATION



Cumulative vulnerability



Sum of subindexes	Cumm. vulnerability	Length (%)
17-26	high	79,68 km (17 %)
12-16	medium	134,55 km (28 %)
6-11	low	264,62 km (55 %)
Total (mainland, estuary, inhabited isl.)		478,85 km

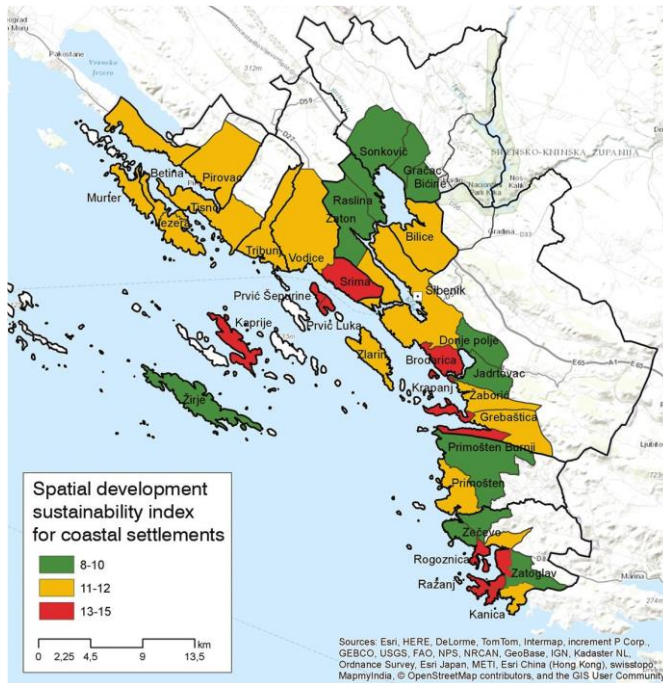
The most vulnerable zones:

1. Murter – Tisno
2. Tribunj – Brodarica with island Krapanj
3. Šibenik
4. Morinje
5. Grebaštica
6. Zečevo - Ražanj

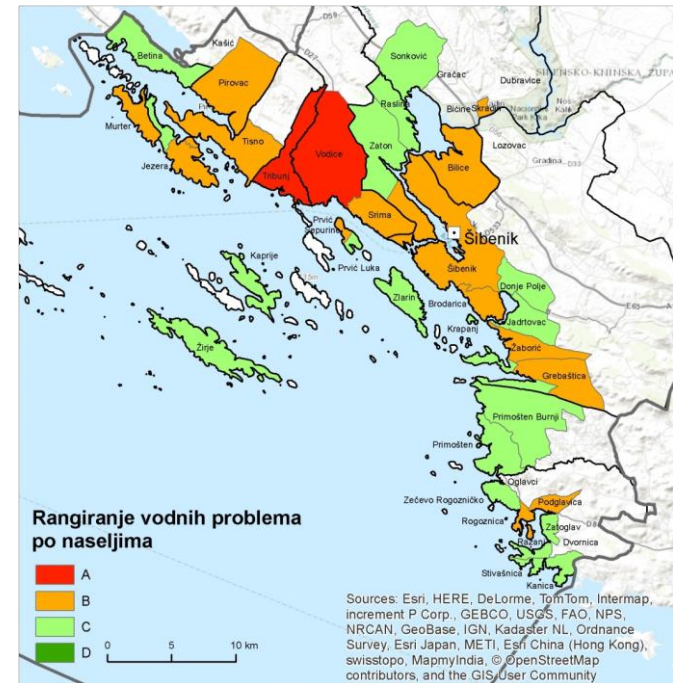


Sustainability ranking

SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT



WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT



Measures: Narrow coastal belt



- I Adaptation of the existing coastal objects, waterfronts, marinas and entire coastal infrastructure, including beaches, promenades, etc. to the extreme weather events;
- II Protection of hydro-dynamic features of the coastal sea, biodiversity and positive natural processes of sediment transport; and
- III Integration of these considerations in planning and realisation of any coastal intervention





AdriAdapt - a resilience knowledge platform for the Adriatic



Interreg AdriAdapt project



Expert partners



Local partners



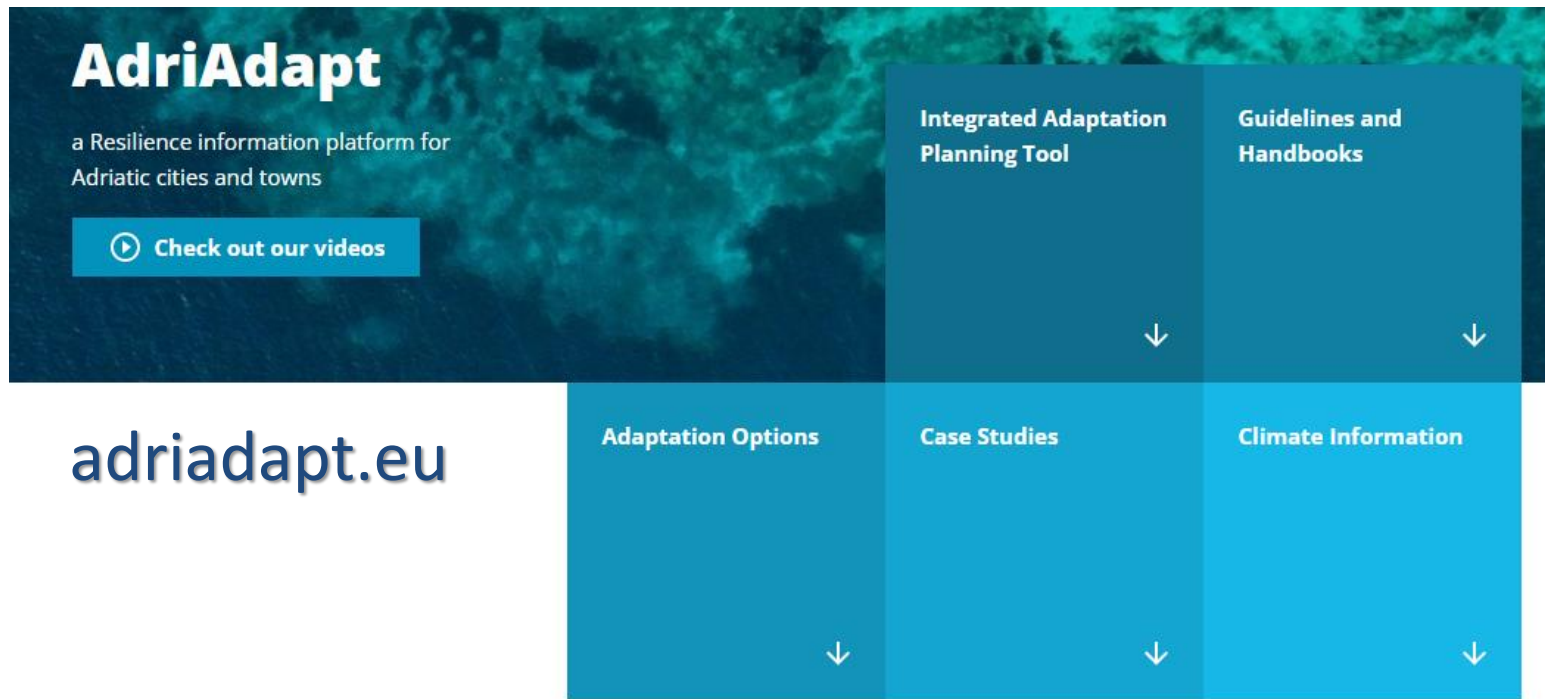
Communication partner



January 2019 – June 2021



AdriAdapt - a resilience information platform for the Adriatic



AdriAdapt
a Resilience information platform for Adriatic cities and towns

[▶ Check out our videos](#)

	Integrated Adaptation Planning Tool ↓	Guidelines and Handbooks ↓	
adriadapt.eu	Adaptation Options ↓	Case Studies ↓	Climate Information ↓



Questionnaire for local and regional administrations on impacts of climate change



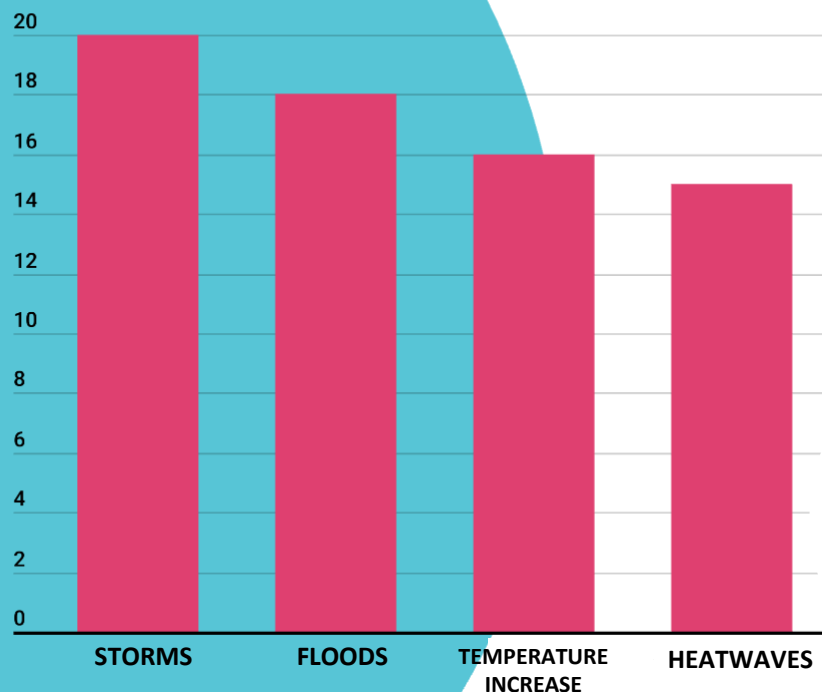
24 respondents from 20 local authorities



12 respondents from 10 local authorities

Questionnaire

Observed impacts of climate change in Adriatic cities



Integrated Adaptation Planning Tool

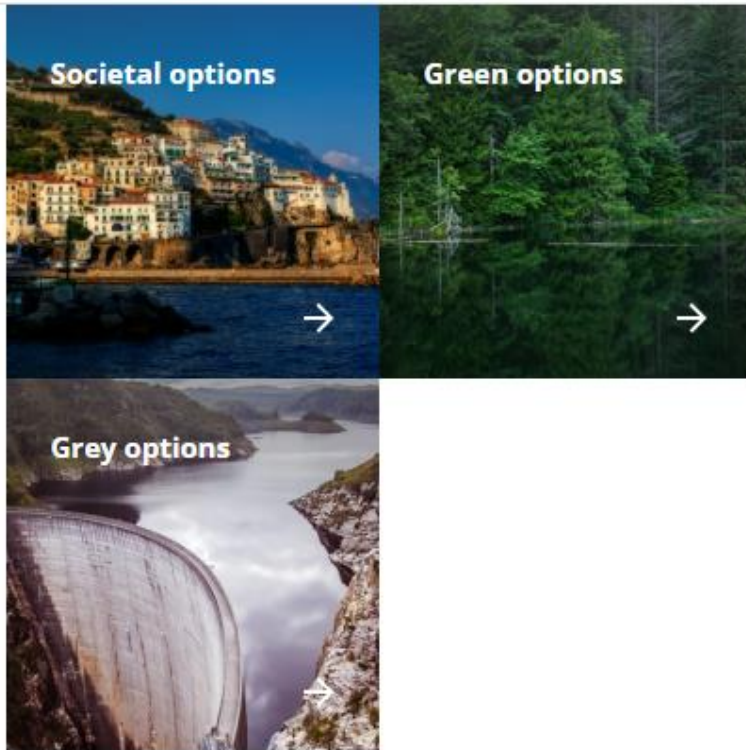


Five stages of the planning process for the local adaptation plan

[View All](#) →



Adaptation options



More than 40 adaptation options

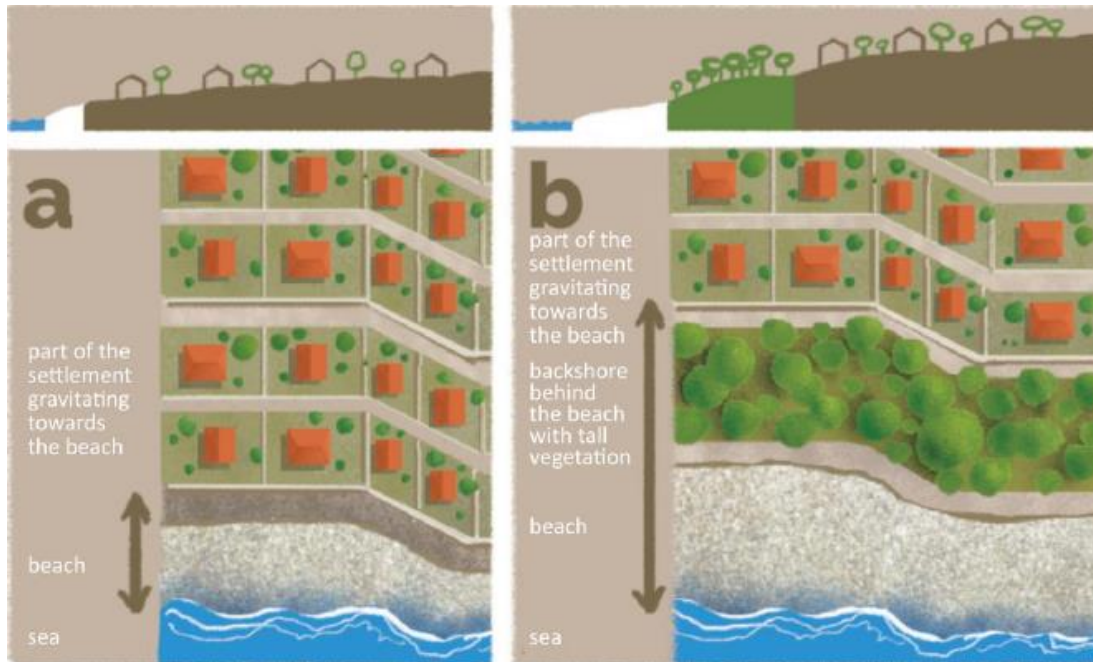
SOCIETAL OPTIONS
GREEN OPTIONS
GREY OPTIONS



Adaptation options

SOCIETAL OPTIONS

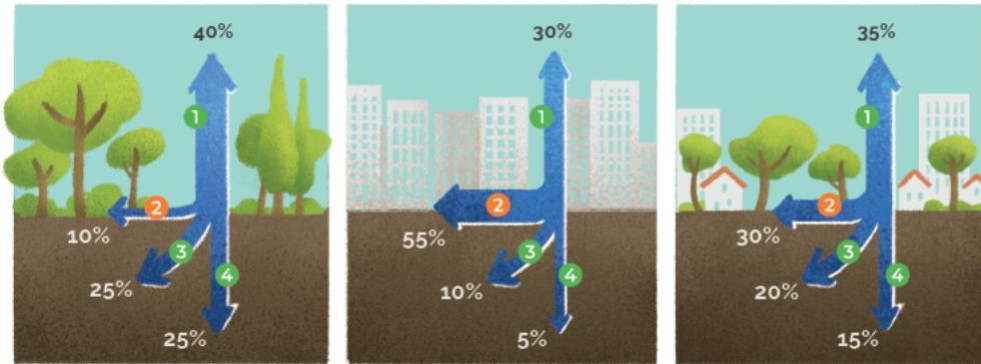
Coastal setback



Adaptation options

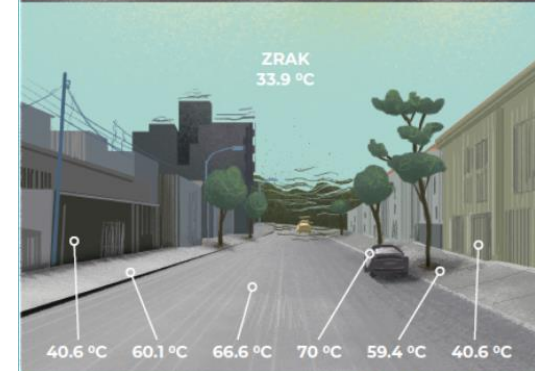
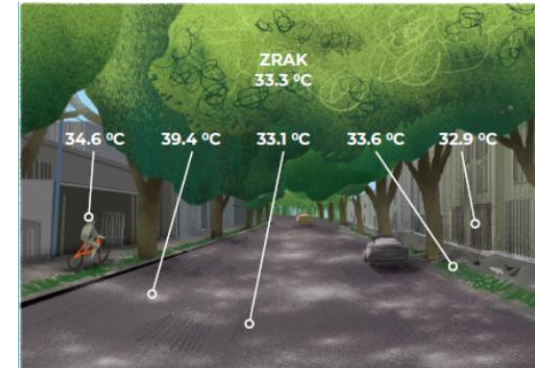
GREEN OPTIONS

Urban runoff



© Luka Duplančić

Urban Heat Island (UHI)



© Luka Duplančić



Adaptation options

GREEN OPTIONS

Green roofs



Wetland restoration



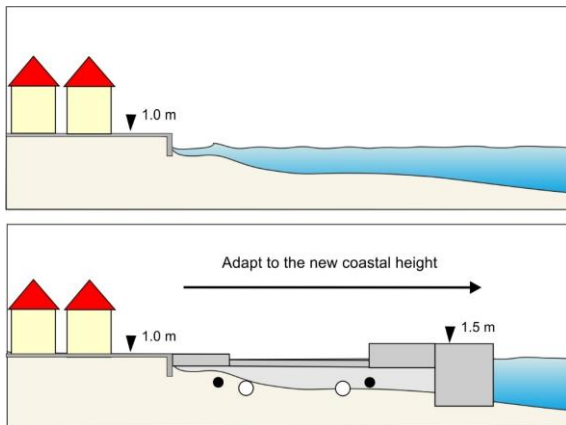
Protection and plantation of seagrass



Adaptation options

GREY OPTIONS

Raising and extending coastal land



Seawalls



Breakwaters



Case studies

11 case studies

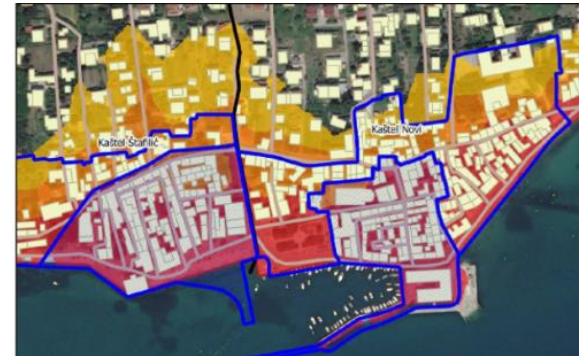
**Retreat of Izola-Koper
coastal road**



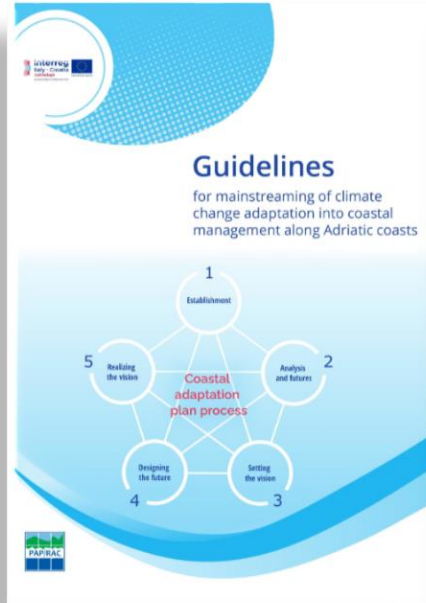
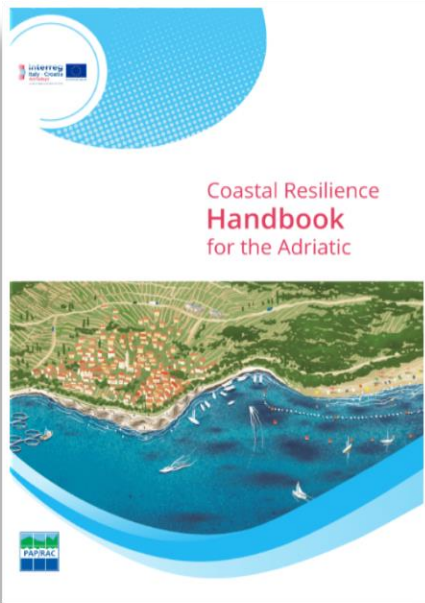
**Dune restoration
in Bevano sud**



ICZM Plan Kaštela



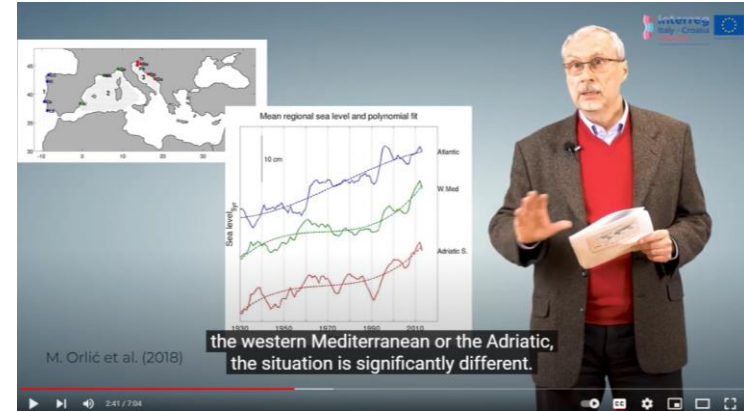
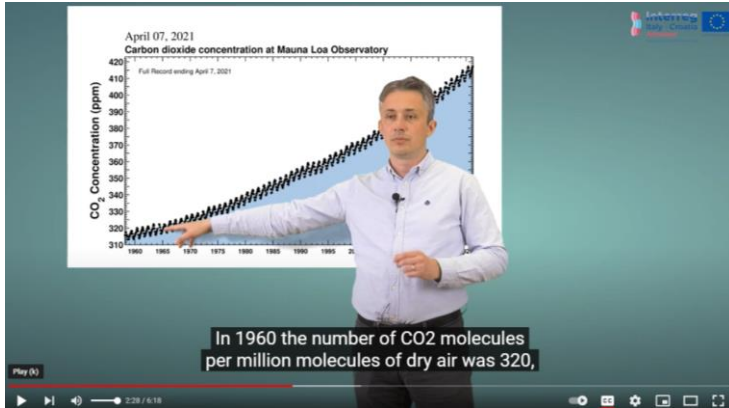
Guidelines and handbooks



- 1. conservation of Phocaena that helps mitigate the wave energy and climate change impacts
- 2. advantage given to thermophilic species in aquaculture
- 3. artificial reefs help protect against wave action and provide habitat
- 4. species for managed retreat
- 5. coastal setback of at least 100 m - safety zone and an important resistance
- 6. protecting wetland areas to prevent settlements
- 7. alternative beach as an alternative to nourishment
- 8. military protection (coastal zones, high diversity biotopes)
- 9. zoning and extending coastal land
- 10. shore construction and strengthening
- 11. beach reinforcement with a careful selection of nourishment material
- 12. monitoring, forecasting and early warning systems
- 13. groynes, breakwaters and jetties
- 14. saving and recycling water
- 15. footpaths, corridors and tracks
- 16. making green agriculture and farming coupled with the use of adapted crops and varieties
- 17. conservation of cultural and natural heritage of DUVs (dolines)
- 18. improved monitoring of peaty (acid) soils (as rock basins)
- 19. river restoration
- 20. retention and accumulation areas
- 21. early warning systems and crisis management systems
- 22. green corridors and revegetation
- 23. compact settlement boundaries
- 24. habitat protection and monitoring (wildlife-rich species)
- 25. intensive care for trees



Video materials



Marjan, Split

Orthotomicus erosus

- can have several generations per year; in the past, there has never been a gradation recorded in Croatia

Intervention comes too late - 50% of the forest destroyed

2016
2019

interreg Italy - Croatia
ERDF

2:42 / 4:39

This slide titled "Marjan, Split" features a close-up image of an *Orthotomicus erosus* insect. Below the image is a bullet point: "• can have several generations per year; in the past, there has never been a gradation recorded in Croatia". A red text box states: "Intervention comes too late - 50% of the forest destroyed". Two satellite images of Marjan island are shown, labeled "2016" and "2019", illustrating deforestation. Logos for "interreg Italy - Croatia" and "ERDF" are at the bottom. The video player interface shows a progress bar at 2:42 / 4:39.



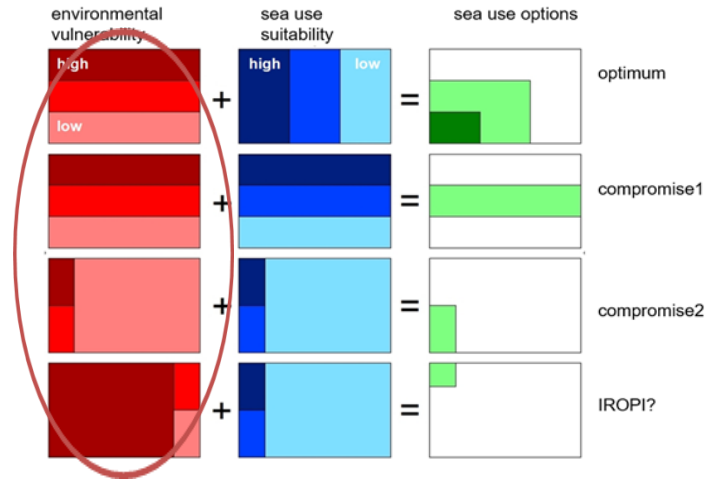
MSP Workspace

Ecosystem approach in MSP

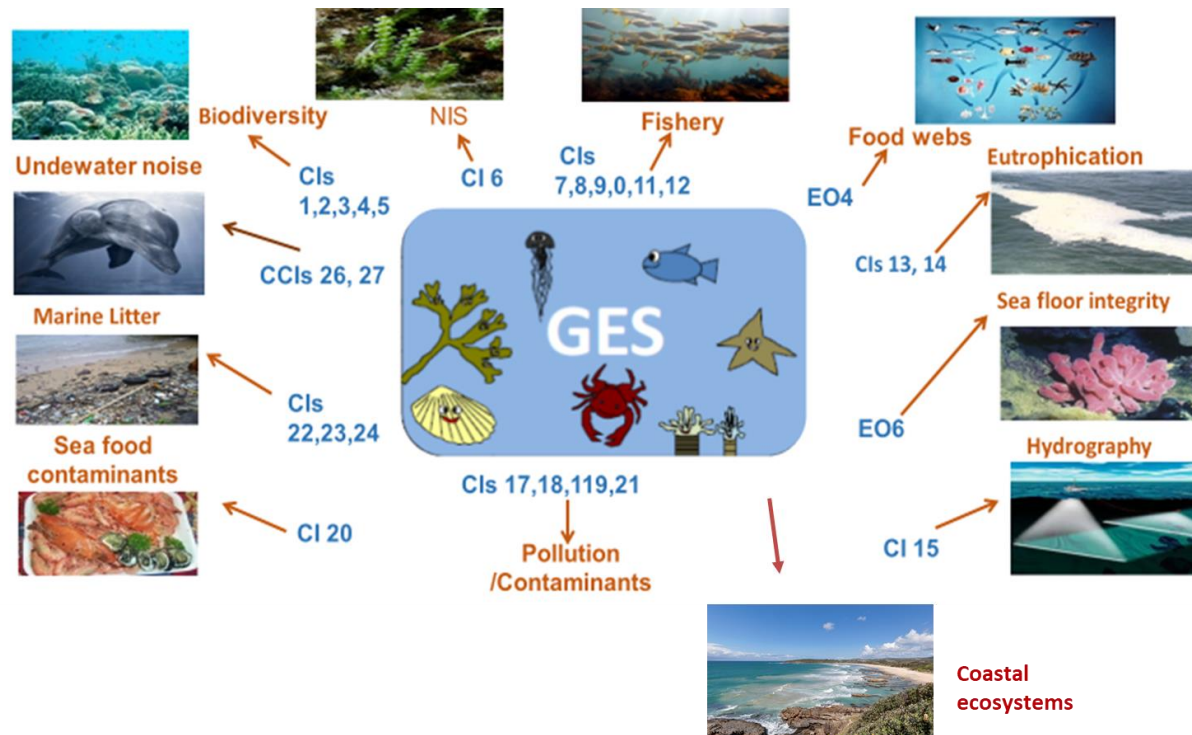
IMAP



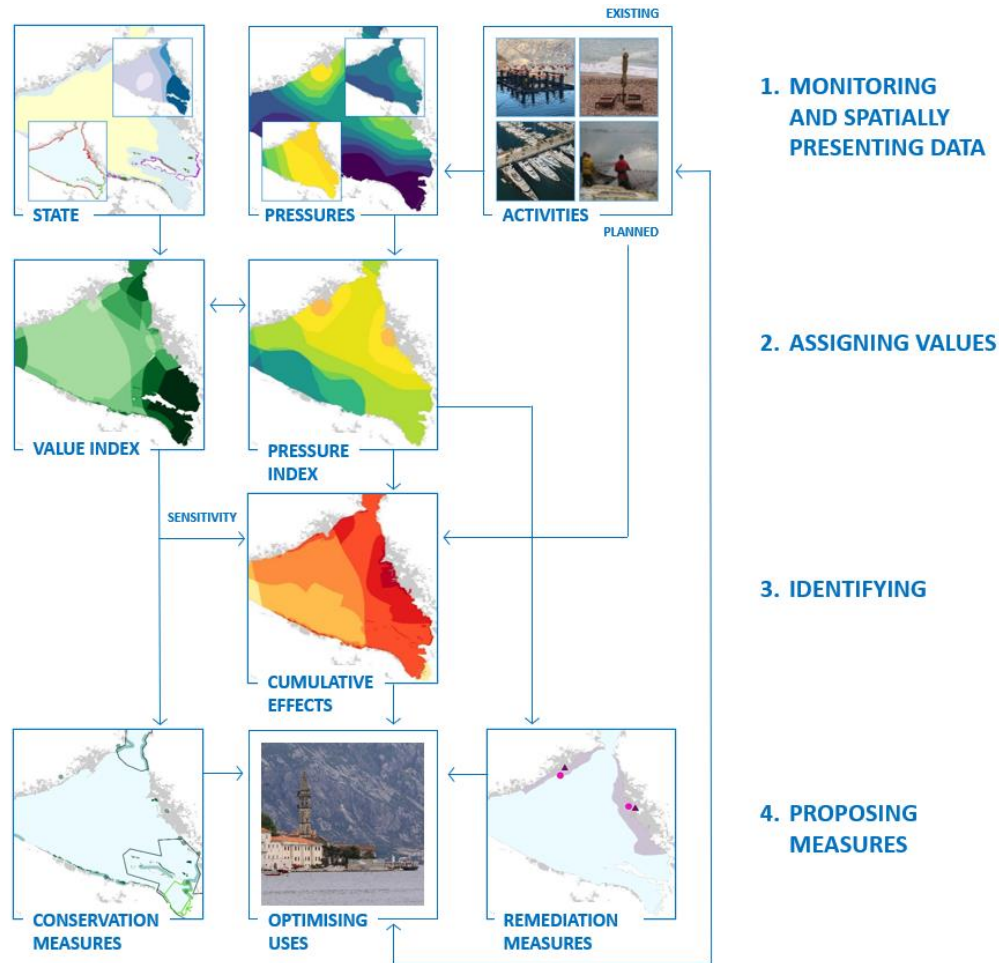
MSP



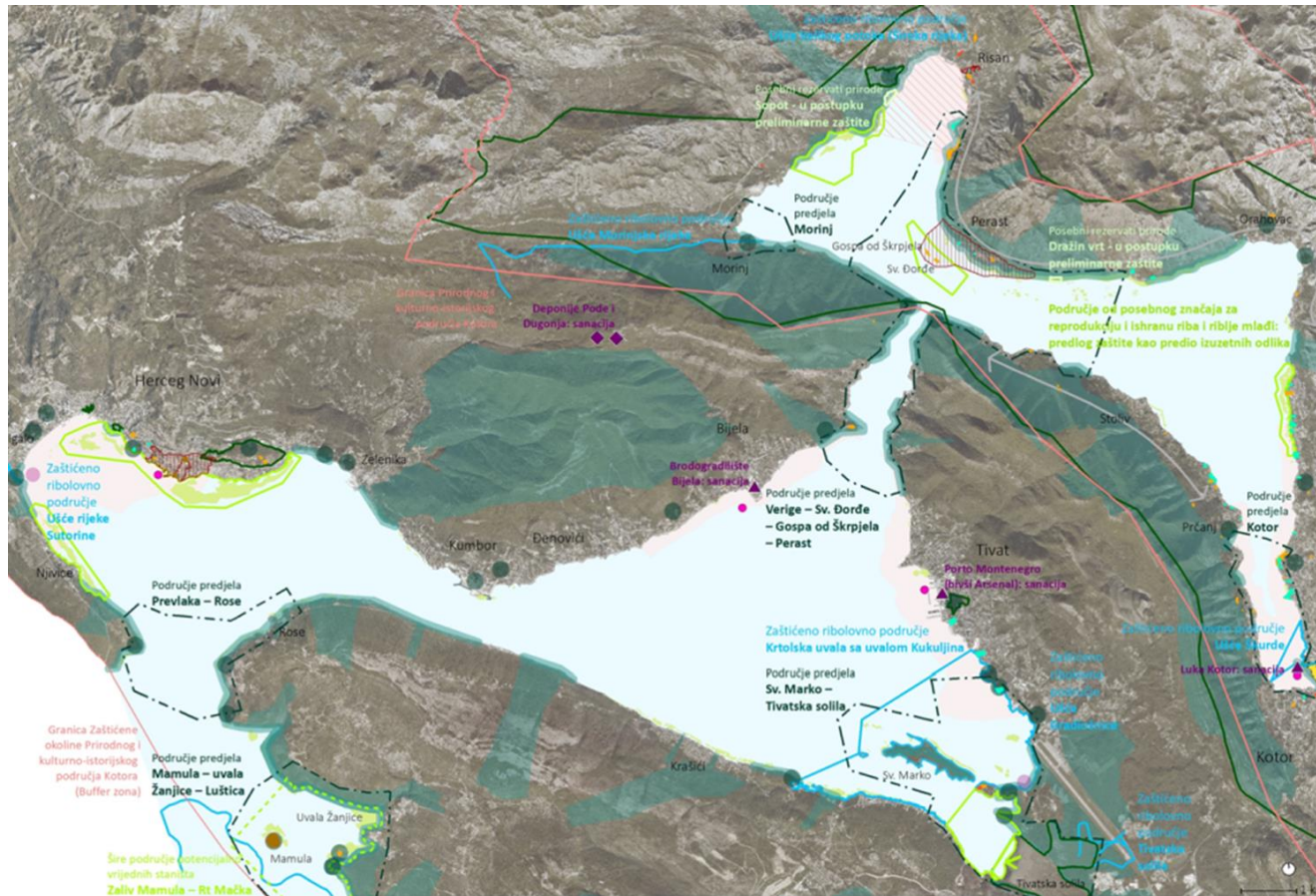
EcAp in the Barcelona Convention: IMAP Conceptual Framework for MSP



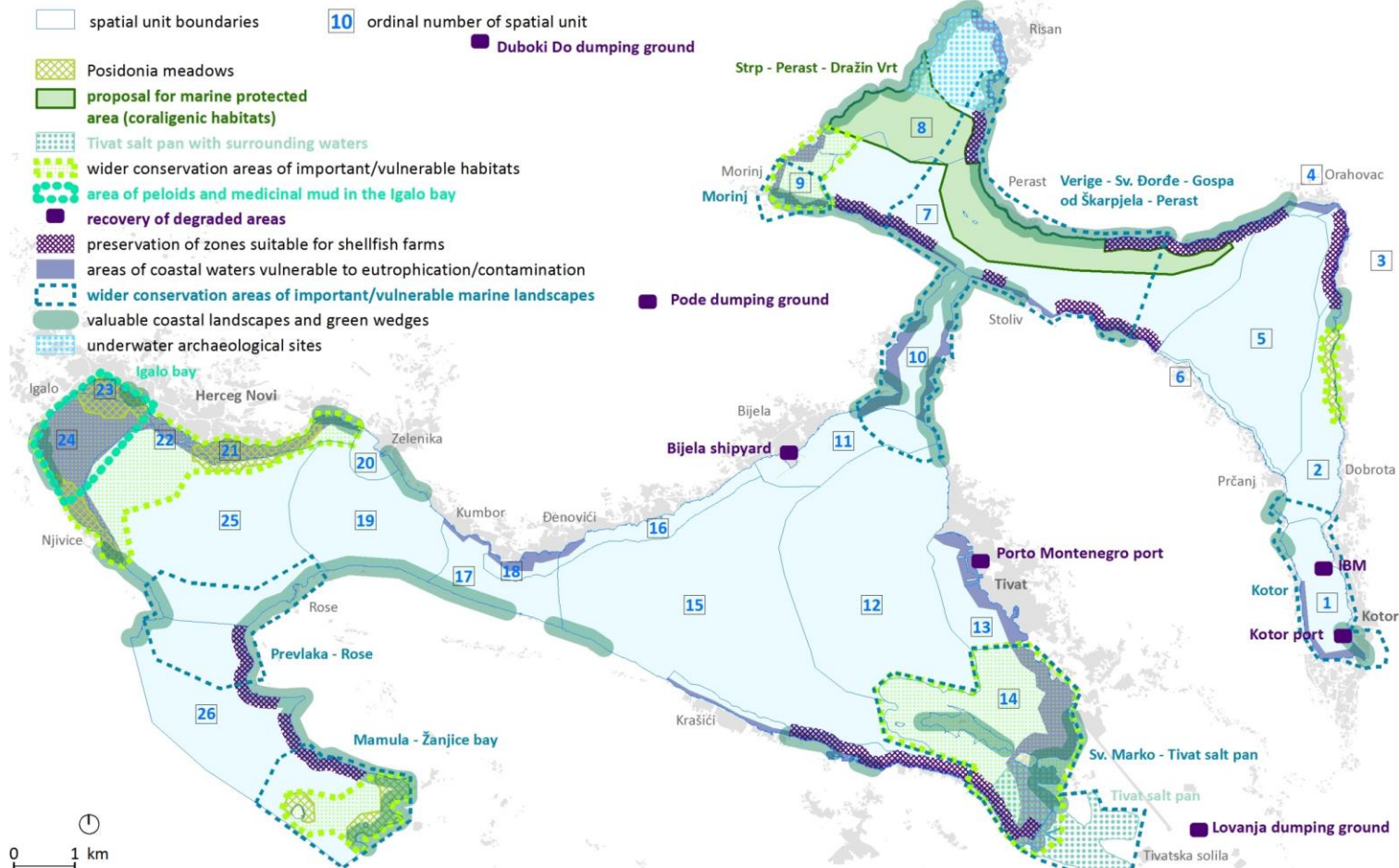
Case from Montenegro



Case from Montenegro



Planning recommendations: Environmental protection



Mediterranean MSP Workspace

MEDITERRANEAN MARINE SPATIAL PLANNING (MSP)

A practical guide to support the virtual workspace and planning tools for MSP

Using the seven stage MSP process and including:

- ✓ Climate Actions
- ✓ Ecosystem Approach
- ✓ Land-Sea Interactions

www.msp.iczmplatform.org



Mediterranean MSP Workspace

PLANNING TOOLS

Use the planning tools in the MSP virtual workspace to help you design and assess the progress of your own plan taking an ecosystem approach, reviewing land-sea interactions and tackling climate change.

[Discover all planning tools.](#)

Mediterranean MSP Planning and Progress Checklist

The Planning and Progress Checklist tool takes you through the MSP preparation process giving you specific actions to adapt to your local context, and set milestones. By using a simple traffic light system the checklist can also be used as a rapid self-assessment tool; allowing you to measure your own progress, and identify gaps and priorities.

Ecosystem Approach and MSP Planning Tool

The Ecosystem Approach & MSP Planning Tool is built to enable a short self-assessment of your implementation activity, to get a to-do list of specific tasks and to identify the barriers you've faced when introducing ecosystem approach in your MSP.

Climate Action and MSP Planning Tool

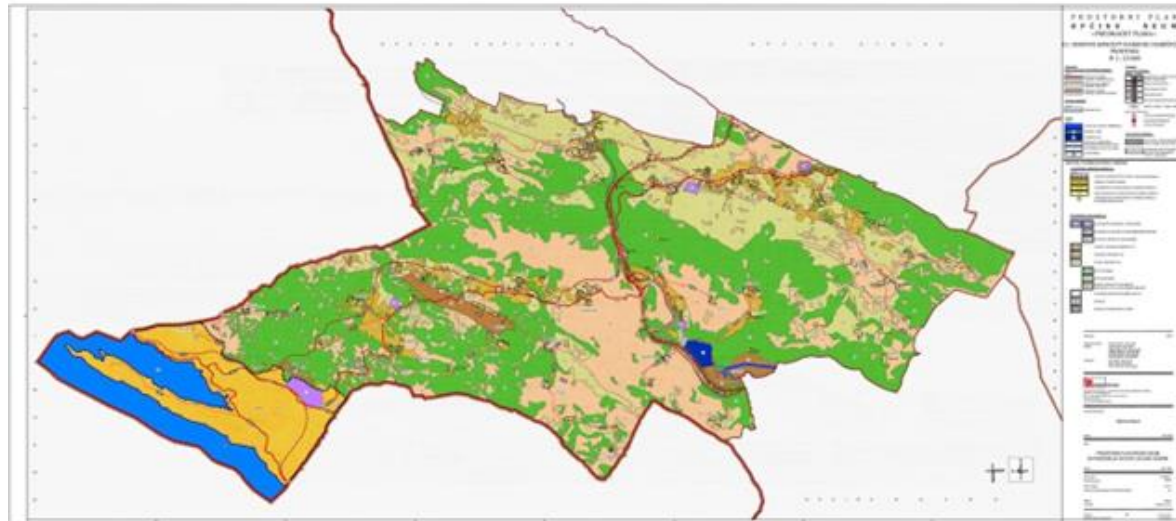
The Climate Action & MSP Planning Tool is built to support climate change action within your planning. We've included examples for different sectors to inspire you to take specific action using local knowledge and actors in your region.

Land-Sea Interactions and MSP Planning Tool

The Land-Sea Interactions & MSP Planning Tool is excel-based tool to support LSI analysis. The tool has been created based on the LSI methodological guidelines developed by PAP/RAC.

<https://msp.iczmplatform.org/planning-tools/>





Project activities

A. Horizontal activities

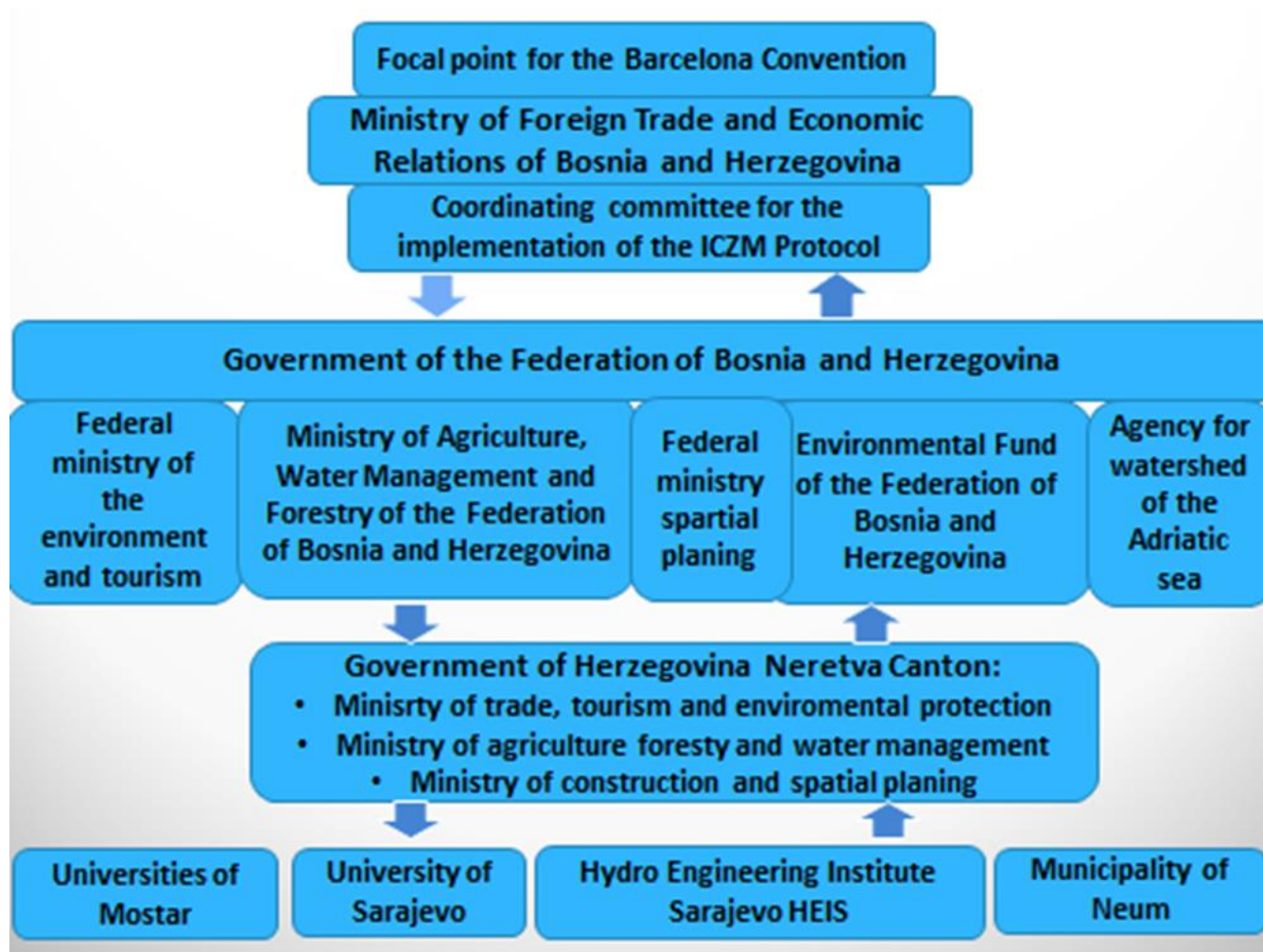
1. Project coordination, integration, dissemination of results
2. Capacity building/Awareness raising
3. Infrastructure of spatial data / information system

B. Individual activities: Integrated into Coastal plan

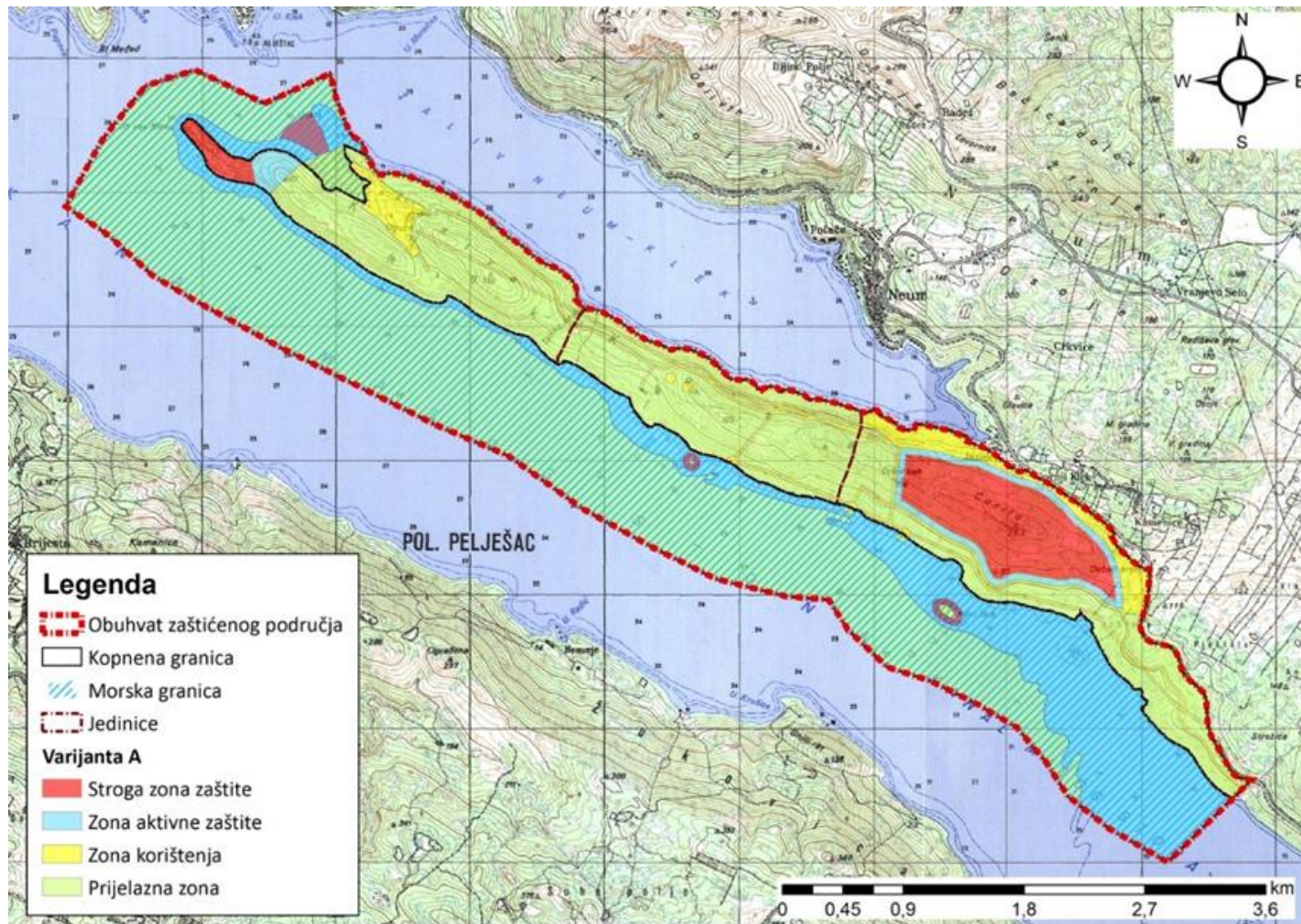
1. Institutional mechanism for ICZM
2. Marine habitats and MPA
3. Monitoring of marine and coastal environment
4. National Contingency plan
5. Sustainable tourism: from coastal to hinterland
6. Adaptation to climate change



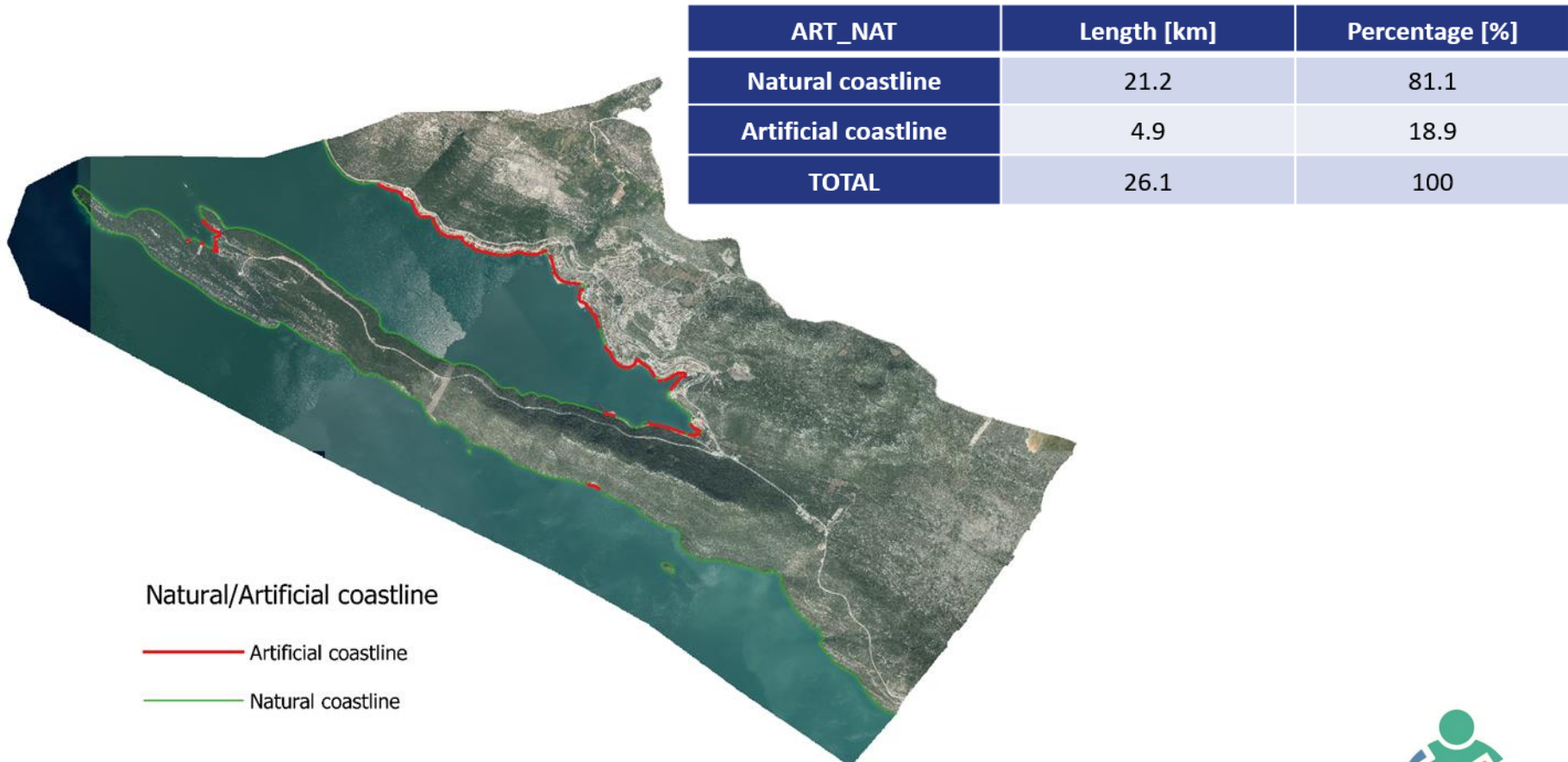
1. Institutional mechanism for ICZM



2. Marine habitats and MPA



3. Monitoring of marine and coastal environment



4. Sustainable tourism

Action plan: Project proposals



PROJEKT I. Označavanje atrakcija
'smeđom'
signalizacijom'



PROJEKT II. Interpretacija i uređenje
turističkih atrakcija



PROJEKT III. Širenje pješačke zone u
obalnom dijelu Neuma



PROJEKT IV. Brodski prijevoz iz
Neuma do plaža
na poluotoku Kleku



PROJEKT V. Uređenje cikloturističke rute
'Neum' i okolnih ruta



PROJEKT VI. Uvođenje sustava javnih
bicikala



PROJEKT VII. Uvođenje spremnika za
odvajanje otpada



PROJEKT VIII. Destimulacija korištenja
plaža za jednodnevne
posjetitelje



5. Adaptation to climate change

Adaptation measures



	mjera	opis	procijenjene koristi	procijenjeni troškovi (KM)
4	Jačanje kapaciteta za protupožarnu zaštitu	izgradnja protupožarnih prosjeka i puteva (trošak oko 50.000 KM/km), nabavka opreme za ranu detekciju, nabavka opreme za gašenje požara	povećanje sigurnosti stanovništva, smanjenje šteta nastalih zbog požara, očuvanje bioraznolikosti, smanjenje potrošnje vode	2.500.000
5	Lokalna proizvodnja električne i toplotne energije	promocija i izgradnja solarnih elektrana (električna energija) i solarnih kolektora za grijanje sanitarne vode; izrada studije za čitavu Općinu i audita velikih turističkih kapaciteta; izgradnja punionica za električna vozila sa solarnim elektranama i baterijama	smanjenje vršnog opterećenja elektroenergetske mreže, smanjenje troškova za energiju, veći udio obnovljivih izvora energije i smanjenje neizravnih emisija stakleničkih plinova	3.000.000
6	Povećanje učinkovitosti korištenja energije i vode	promocija i provedba mjera učinkovitog korištenja energije i vode posebno u turističkim kapacitetima; korištenje učinkovitih dizalica topline za grijanje i hlađenje (temeljeno na korištenju otpadne vode), učinkovitih tuš baterija i dr.; rangiranje turističkih objekata i spram ugljičnog otiska	smanjenje vršnog opterećenja elektroenergetske mreže, smanjenje troškova za energiju, smanjenje neizravnih emisija stakleničkih plinova	5.000.000
7	Unapređenje sustava navodnjavanja u zaleđu	promocija i implementacija modularnih sustava za navodnjavanje na solarnu energiju; racionalno korištenje vode (uz korištenje kišnice i iskorištene vode); spremnici vode; edukacija poljoprivrednika o načinu obrade zemljišta s ciljem minimalnog gubitka vlage i učinkovitom navodnjavanju	smanjenje šteta u poljoprivredi zbog suša uz unapređenje poljoprivredne proizvodnje, zaštita bioraznolikosti	2.000.000





Happy



Thank you for your attention!

UNEP Mediterranean Action Plan
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Regional Activity Centre (PAP/RAC)

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