



Delavnica za krepitev zmogljivosti za nacionalne deležnike

State of play of WP3 and proposals for a new Monitoring & Evaluation System of EUSAIR

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WP3: THREE (3) MAIN ACTIVITIES

Activity 1:

Building the Knowledge Base (KB) relevant to EUSAIR Pillars

Activity 2:

Establishing the EUSAIR Monitoring and Evaluation Framework

Activity 3:

for public authorities / administrations



STATE OF PLAY AND OUTCOMES OF WP3

The inventory of existing resources at Pillar level has been completed and approved, as well as the completion of Pillar-oriented studies

The SWOT analysis and the definition of Pillar monitoring indicators have been completed for all Pillars

The annual monitoring reports have been produced for the period 2019-2021 at all Pillars except for Pillar 2, which has produced monitoring reports for the years 2021 and 2022

The EUSAIR Action Plan monitoring reports have been delivered for the period 2019-2021. Next report is expected to be delivered in November 2022

One macro-regional event (Athens, GR) and three national capacity building events for M&E (Pillar 4-HR, 2021/Pillar 2-IT/ Pillar 3 –SL, 2022) have taken place

Next events are scheduled in November (Pillar 4, HR) and by the end of 2022 (Pillar 1, GR)

The 2nd macro-regional event is scheduled in Slovenia until the end of 2022

CHALLENGES FOR MONITORING AND EVALUATION OF A MACRO – REGIONAL STRATEGY (MRS)

Need to establish a sound and consistent methodological framework

Need to define the different levels of monitoring and the actors involved

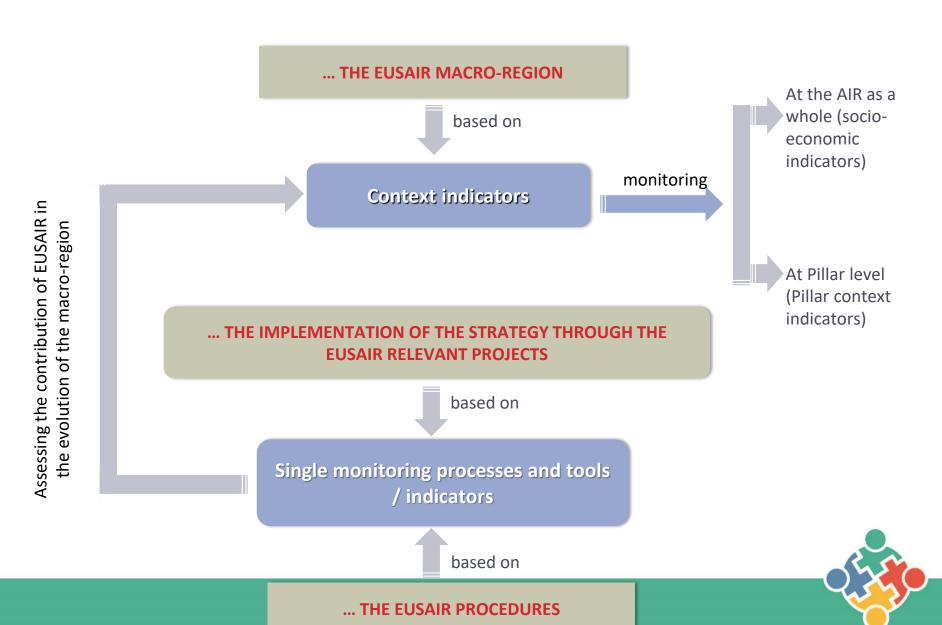
Need for a single monitoring system, able to capture the specificities of each Pillar

Need to identify concrete transnational activities and projects that serve the Strategy

Need to provide quantitative and qualitative information



THREE LEVELS OF THE PROPOSED EUSAIR MONITORING SYSTEM



MONITORING THE EUSAIR MACRO-REGION BASED ON CONTEXT INDICATORS

Context Indicators (CI)

N/A	CODE	INDICATOR		Sources
1	CI01	Population (on 1 st January)	\rightarrow	Eurostat
2	CI02	Gross Value Added in Blue Economy sectors	\rightarrow	DG MARE
3	CI03	GDP per capita	\rightarrow	Eurostat
4	CI04	Global Competitiveness Index	\rightarrow	World
5	CI05	Employment rate)	Economic
6	CI06	Unemployment rate		Forum
7	CI07	Youth Unemployment rate		Eurostat
8	CI08	People at risk of poverty or social exclusion	J	United Nations
9	CI09	Human Development Index		

Indicator fiches are prepared for all indicators

Based on ESPON European and Macro-regional Territorial Monitoring Tool (MRS.ESPON)

Blue Technologi es

- 1. GDP per capita
- 2. Regional Innovation Scoreboard
- 3. New applications of patents
- 4. Gross domestic expenditure on R&D
- 5. Employment Rate
- 6. Unemployment Rate

Fisheries & & Aquacultu re

- 1. Employment in fisheries and aquaculture
- 2. Aquaculture production
- 3. Capture fisheries production

PILLAR 1: Blue Growth

Maritime & Marine Governan ce

No indicators are proposed



Based on ESPON European and Macro-regional Territorial Monitoring Tool (MRS.ESPON)

Maritime Transport

- 1. Volume of freight transport
- 2. Maritime freight transport
- 3. Arrivals of passenger ships
- 4. Arrivals of container ships

Intermodal Connections

- 1. Accessibility by road
- 2. Accessibility by rail
- 3. Accessibility by air
- 4. Accessibility by sea
- 5. Rail passenger transport
- 6. Rail freight transport

PILLAR 2: Connecting the Region

Energy Networks

1. Final energy consumption



Based on ESPON European and Macro-regional Territorial Monitoring Tool (MRS.ESPON)

The marine environment

- 1. Major oil spill incident
- 2. Nutrients in transnational coastal and marine waters
- 3. Status of marine fish and shellfish stocks in European seas
- 4. Surface of marine protected areas

Transnational terrestrial habitats

- 1. Surface of terrestrial protected areas
- 2. Forest fires
- 3. Environmental impact of climate change

PILLAR 3: Environmental Quality



Based on ESPON European and Macro-regional Territorial Monitoring Tool (MRS.ESPON)

Diversified tourism offer

- 1. Tourism direct contribution to GDP
- 2. Jobs in tourism industries
- 3. Number of UNESCO World Heritage sites

Sustainable tourism management

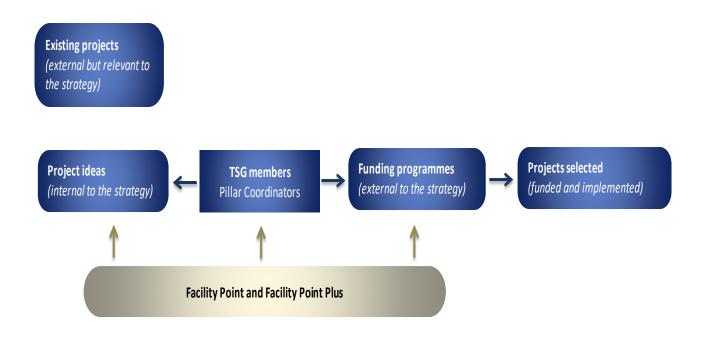
No specific indicators are proposed. Monitoring could be based on indicators (1) and (2) of Pillar 4 first topic

PILLAR 4: Sustainable Tourism



MONITORING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE STRATEGY THROUGH THE EUSAIR-RELATED PROJECTS

The EUSAIR project generation process





MONITORING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE STRATEGY THROUGH THE EUSAIR-RELATED PROJECTS

Actors involved in project implementation

Monitoring basis



Managing Authorities of ESIF programmes (EU Member States)

Managing Authorities of ETC programmes (EU Member States)

Ministries, Organisations, Universities, Regions, Municipalities, NGOs, other bodies implementing national projects (not co-financed)

European Contact Points/ National Contact Points for EU directly managed calls (i.e. HORIZON, Life+ etc.)

IPA II Assistance

ESIF regulations (ESIF Common Indicators)

Data provided by databases at project level

Surveys/interviews with project managers for the most important projects

Exploitation of the experience of other MR Strategies (e.g. EUSBSR)

ESIF PROGRAMMES – EUROPEAN TERRITORIAL COOPERATION PROGRAMMES

Reg. 2021/1058 (24th June 2021)

ANNEX I: Table 1, Common output and result indicators (ERDF, Cohesion Fund)

Table 2, Additional common indicators for ERDF – Interreg covering the majority of EUSAIR interventions

Use of Common
Indicators, the main
monitoring and
evaluation tool
defined by the EU
regulations (Output
– Result)

Reg. 2021/1057 (24th June 2021)

ANNEX I: Common indicators ESF+

For specific interventions (eg. Training/education in skills such as maritime skills, "green" skills)

Reg. (EU) 2021/1039

ANNEX I: Common indicators for EMFAF, Performance Result, Output Indicators

for the second topic "Fisheries & Aquaculture" of Pillar 1 "Blue Growth"

Use of one financial indicator

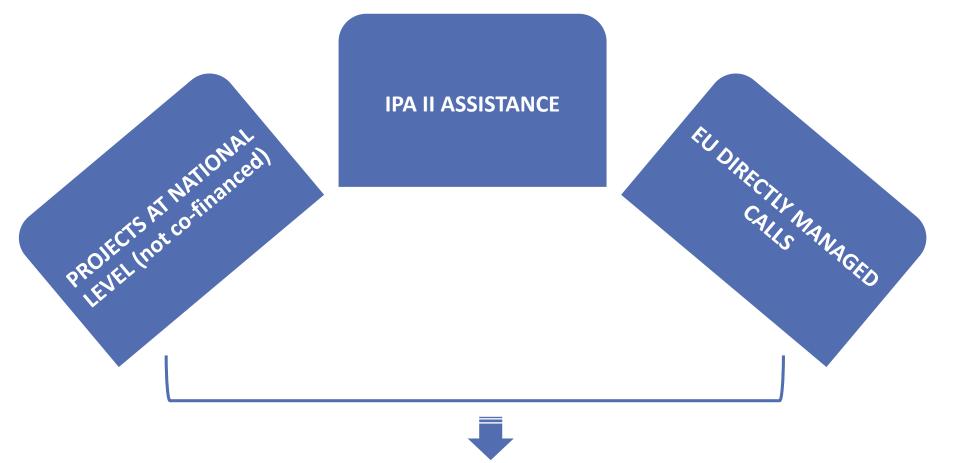
Interregional investments in EUSAIR relevant projects



Depicting financial mobilized

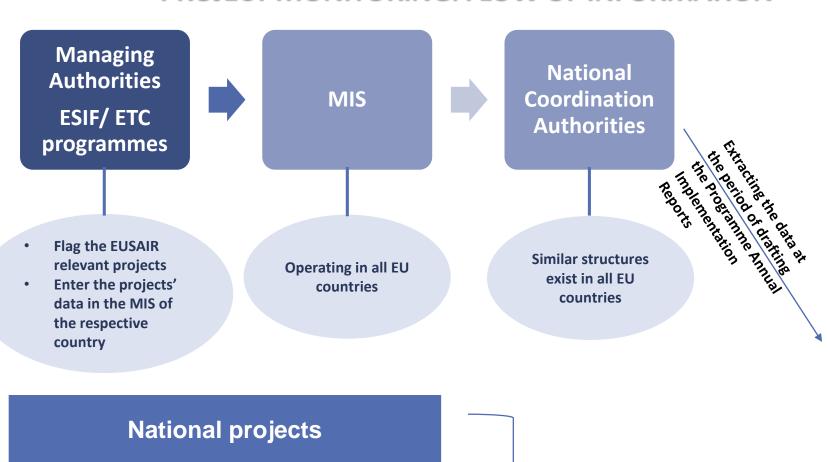
the total resources





- Data from project databases (e.g. HORIZON Data Hub, EIC Accelerator Data Hub (former EASME), EISMEA datahubs, LIFE programme, etc)
- Research/ questionnaires among the beneficiaries Interviews for selected important projects
- Annual Progress and Implementation reports to be submitted by project implementers (EUSBSR experience)

PROJECT MONITORING: FLOW OF INFORMATION



IPA II Assistance

EU directly managed calls

Surveys/ interviews carried out in the same period

THORITY IN CHARGE WITH

lG (and/or Pillar Monitoring

Consultants)

MONITORING THE EUSAIR PROCEDURES

PROPOSED INDICATORS

SGI.1	Attendance of TSG meetings	
SGI.2	Number of project ideas generated by the TSG	
SGI.3	Events across borders to improve multi-level governance	
SGI.4	Events and activities to involve stakeholders and civil society in the EUSAIR implementation	

Sources

Minutes of TSG
Meetings /
Facility Point LP
and PP



ENHANCING THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROPOSED EUSAIR MONITORING SYSTEM

Embedding
the macroregional
strategies
and flagships
into EU
programmes

The MAs become an integral part of the EUSAIR implementat ion

Managing
Authorities
macroregional
networks:

Managing
 Authorities
 network to be
 established in
 Greece

- Action lab of the EUSAIR ETC MAs held last year in Italy



RECOMMENDATIONS

In order for the EUSAIR proposed Monitoring System to become operational:

Should be adopted by all levels of EUSAIR governance

Should effectively incorporate the MAs, IPA mechanisms, and project beneficiaries, being a part of their mainstream activities without producing additional burden

Should exploit the latest developments for the MS implementation led by the EC: embedding in the mainstream programmes, networking at Managing Authorities level to be established as a mainstream process

Thank you very much for your attention!

