

Tourism recovery through cooperation – macro-regional needs and opportunities



EUSDR "Danube region

tourism priorities"

The context – COVID-19

The COVID-19 health crisis is causing the slowdown of tourism activity (-57% international tourist arrivals for EUSDR in January-May 2020, compared to January-May 2019¹)

> The tourism sector is one of the most affected in terms of:

- *Employment* high number of jobs at risk
- *Revenue* economic loss in the least resilient places;

places which are most dependent on the tourism sector

Regions are differently affected by COVID-19¹

We need regional, targeted solutions

¹ TOURISM GENERIS (2020), The impact assessment analysis for the four Macro-regional strategies

² JRC (2020), Behavioural changes in tourism in times of COVID-19

The context – A new programming period

The new Recovery and Resilience Facility including for the much-affected tourism and culture sectors or for youth employment measures

Making use of European funds The Cohesion Policy 2021-2027, including REACT-EU

identifying the most suitable solutions to use the potential of Culture and Tourism to actively contribute to supporting **Policy Objective 5** "Europe closer to citizens" and delivering on **Policy Objective 2** "A greener, low carbon Europe" of the EU Cohesion Policy Provisions

The Common Agricultural Policy 2021-2027

EUSDR – "Danube region tourism priorities"

Setting the priorities – how?

- The revised PA3 EUSDR Action Plan (6 Actions)
- Three priority subjects for the embedding process in EU Funds:
 - Protection, rehabilitation and promoting the Cultural Heritage of the Danube Region
 - Promoting sustainable tourism in the Danube Region and capitalize on EUSDR projects in the areas of culture, nature and tourism
 - Support for contemporary arts to tackle the impact of the pandemic crisis, through creative industries, innovation and inter-sectorial specialization

Collaborative process:

- Short and medium term priorities
- All countries
 involved in EUSDR
 PA3

Possible priorities – preliminary consultation results

Short term

Medium term

Long term

MAPPING the impact on tourism flow and employment

SURVIVAL (SMEs; labour marketmigration to other sectors; state aid shemes; VAT rate reduction)

RESTORE (travel freedom and traveler confidence)

ADAPT to consumer patterns (shorter distances – domestic & neighbouring countries; safer destinations)

DIGITAL TRANSITION (skills, data sharing, management, SMEs, offers - digital content consumers)

INCREASE THE RESILIENCE of places dependent on the tourism (diversification of activities; improving people's skills/new skills; cooperation between stakeholders and places)



// Thank you

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